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(CLUES ON BACK)

## DOWN CLUES

- Cell division where # of chromosomes is reduced in half.
- 3.3Haploid reproductive cells.
  .5Having a complete set of paired chromosomes.
- Strands of replicated DNA formed during prophase.
- 8. Group of 4 chromatids, present in prophase I.
- Point on a chromosome where chromatids are held together before separating.
- 13. A female reproductive cell.
- Stage in which chromosomes contract and spindles form.
- 16. Asexual reproduction in plants is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_ propagation.
- Known as \_\_\_\_\_ propagation.

  17. The 3 haploid cells that die during egg development in animals are Known as polar \_\_\_\_\_.
- Stage in which chromatids separate + move to opposite poles.
- 20. the organelles that function in cell division in animal cells only + aid in spindle formation.
- 21. The nuclear surrounds the cell nucleus.

- 1. Division of chromosomes into 2 identical sets.
- When a cell has only 1 chromosome of each homologous pair.
- 4. The union of 2 unlike gametes.
- The stage between cell divisions.
- 9. A fertilized egg.
- The passing on of traits from parent to offspring.
- Stage in which cytoplasm divides and nucleus reappears.
- Stage in which chromosomes line up at cell equator.
- 18. A male reproductive cell.