Name:       U.S. History I

Date:       Mr. Melhorn

Period:

Chapter 19 Progressivism Notes

1. Muckrakers
	1. Define the Term Muckraker-
	2. Who were the four most well-known Muckrakers:
2. Living Conditions in the Cities
	1. What was wrong with the tenements that many immigrants lived in?
	2. What design was created in order to attempt to make their living quarters more healthy?
3. Civil Rights Movements
	1. What does the acronym NAACP stand for?
	2. What problems existed in the lives of African Americans during the time which were the causes for this group’s existence?
	3. What does the term ADL stand for?
	4. What sort of groups face racism or discrimination during the Gilded Age and early 1900’s?
4. Reforming the Workplace
	1. How many states had passed child labor laws by 1912?
	2. Did states follow these child labor laws?
	3. In what two states were women successful in establishing a shorter workday?
	4. In what year did the nation finally institute a minimum wage?
	5. In what year did women gain the right to have a 10 hour workday in laundries and factories, in Oregon?

* 1. In what year did men also receive this privilege in Oregon?
	2. When did the Triangle Shirtwaist Factory Fire take place?
	3. How many women died due to the fire?
	4. What lesson does the Triangle fire teach us about the conditions of the workplaces?
	5. Who won within the strikes mentioned involving the International Workers of the World and the Ladies Garment Workers Union?
	6. How is this result different for these Unions in comparison to what occurred to Unions during the Gilded Age?
1. Election Reforms
	1. What is a direct primary?
	2. How would the direct primary differ from the system that previously existed for choosing candidates?
	3. Define the term Initiative:
	4. Define the term Referendum:
	5. Define the term Recall:
2. Women and Public Life
	1. What was the first college that accepted women?
	2. What were three jobs that opened up to women during the early 1900’s that were not previously common female jobs?
	3. What movement was the women’s first foray into politics?
	4. What organization was created to group together women behind this cause?
	5. What did the 18th Amendment do?
	6. Why did Prohibition fail?
	7. Following the passage of Prohibition law, what did women turn their focus onto?
	8. Who was the famous female who had spoken to Congress pushing for the right to vote from 1869 to 1906?
	9. Name two reasons why people in America were against given women the right to vote.
	10. What Amendment gave women the right to vote and what year did it pass?
3. Teddy Roosevelt
	1. Who helped push Teddy Roosevelt to become the Vice President?
	2. What event led to Teddy becoming president?
	3. Teddy Roosevelt was (at that time) the       president.
	4. What does the term bully pulpit mean?
	5. During the Coal Strike of 1902, what did Teddy Roosevelt threaten to do if the strike was not resolved?
	6. Teddy Roosevelt wanted to offer all a square deal. What would he mean by this square deal?
	7. How many lawsuits did Teddy launch against Monopolistic businesses and trusts?
	8. What did the Elkins and the Hepburn Railway Acts do?
	9. What did Teddy and Congress help create due to the disgusting food that was being offered by different businesses and due to the mislabeled drugs?
	10. What else did Teddy Roosevelt establish during his time as president that showed he was a Conservationist despite his love for hunting?
4. William Howard Taft
	1. How did Taft become president?
	2. How did the tax system change due to Taft?
	3. How many lawsuits did Taft create against monopolistic businesses and trusts?
	4. How did Taft anger the progressives with the tariff law?
	5. How did Taft’s relationship with Teddy sour?
	6. What party did Teddy run under in 1912?
5. Woodrow Wilson
	1. In what ways did Wilson continue the policies of Progressivism?