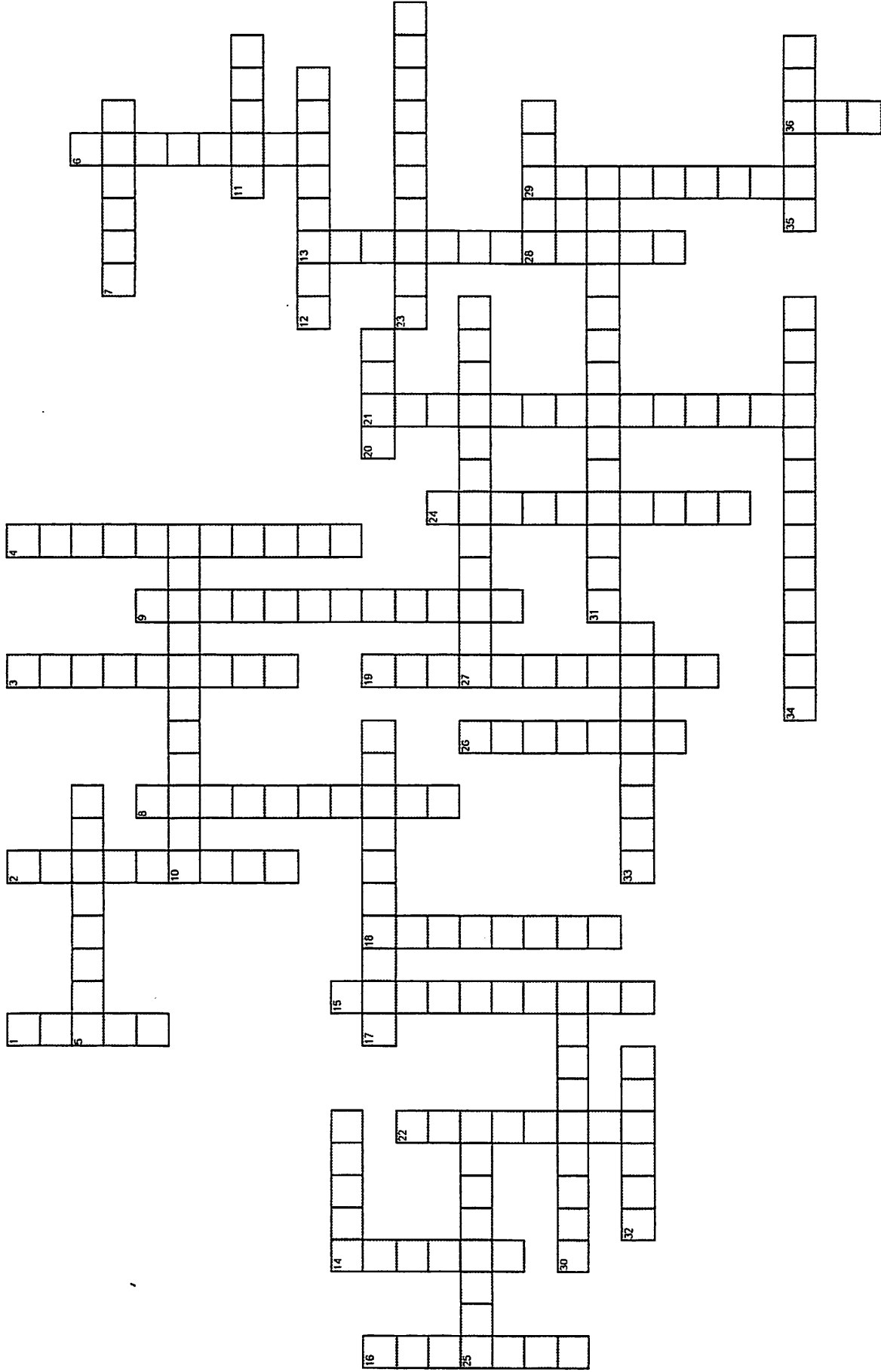


**Intro to Law**  
**Unit One Review CW**  
**“What is Law?”**

**Name:**  
**Date:**



## ACROSS

- 5 the active support of a cause
- 7 type of law that developed in England by judges decisions in the absence of written laws
- 10 type of balance in which the government weighs the needs of the people versus the needs of the individual
- 11 type of law that governs the relationships between individuals in the course of their private affairs
- 12 this renowned law-giver was the King of Sparta; his laws governed nearly every aspect of life
- 14 this Athenian statesmen and lawmaker further refined Draco's law
- 17 type of that governs the process, or application, of the law
- 20 type of law that develops when judges interpret the meaning of constitutions, statutes, or other forms of written law
- 23 one of the most well-known ancient codes of law; an eye for an eye
- 25 earliest known code of law ever found; punishment was proportionate to the crime
- 27 approach to law that states the laws should change as society changes
- 28 type of value concerned with questions of right and wrong
- 30 this leader of the Roman empire is best remembered for his series Corpus Juris Civilis
- 31 type of law that is considered the most fundamental; creates a structure for the government
- 32 type of balance in which the government weighs the need for stability against the need for flexibility
- 33 type of value concerned with the accumulation, preservation, use, and distribution of wealth
- 34 the study of law and legal philosophy
- 35 these tablets of law were developed by a group of ten Roman leaders; established public prosecutions and the importance of written laws

## DOWN

- 1 the first written laws of Greece were developed under his rule
- 2 type of law that has been passed by a legislative body to bestow benefits, impose obligations, or prohibit anti-social behavior
- 3 type of value concerned with the relationship between government and the individual
- 4 this intent is derived when judges determine what the legislature "meant" by the law the enacted
- 6 a way to influence lawmakers to vote a certain way on legislation that will benefit a particular group
- 8 English document that legally limited the power of the king
- 9 this declaration of grievances against King George provided a list of reasons for the dissolution of the political ties between England and the colonies
- 13 these ten laws are believed to have been given to Moses by God
- 14 type of value concerned with issues that are important to society
- 15 code of law, of which a copy has not be found, that provided the first known example of governmental self-reform and limitations on power
- 16 approach to law that provides a justification for civil disobedience
- 18 type of law that deals with activities that have been formally forbidden by the government
- 19 type of law that clearly defines the elements of a crime; the substance of the law
- 21 type of law that is so specialized that the lawmaking duties are turned over to people within a specific field
- 22 approach to law that states the law should simply reflect the will of the majority
- 24 his commentaries became the law in the American colonies for the first century after independence
- 26 contradictory stance of American law; we were born of revolution, yet hold dearly to the rule of law
- 29 implies that government authority may only be exercised in accordance with written laws
- 36 the rules and regulations, made and enforced by a government, that regulate the conduct of people within a society