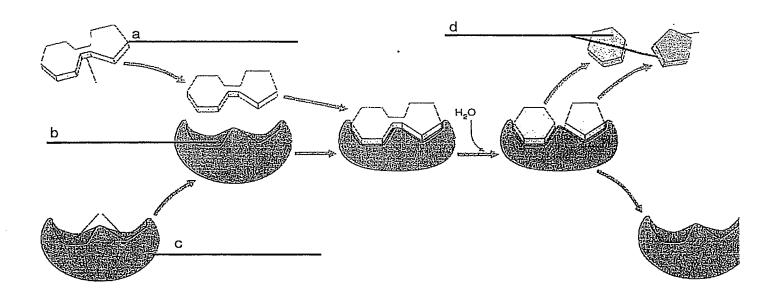
## **ENZYME PRACTICE**

## 1. Label the diagram



- 2. Answer true of false to the following statements:
- a. \_\_\_\_ Enzymes interact with specific substrates
- b. \_\_\_\_ Enzymes change shape after a reaction occurs
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ Enzymes speed up reactions.
- d. \_\_\_\_\_ One enzyme can be used for many different types of chemical reactions.
- e. Enzyme reactions can be slowed or halted using inhibitors.
- 3. Circle the correct effect.
- a. Raising the temperature slightly will [increase | decrease | not change ] the rate of reaction
- b. Boiling temperature will [increase | decrease | not change] the rate of reaction.
- c. Changing the pH toward the optimal pH will [increase | decrease | not change ] the rate of reaction.
- d. Introducing a competitive inhibitor will [increase | decrease | not change ] the rate of reaction.
- 4. Place a check mark next to the things that are expected to INCREASE the rate of an enzymatic reaction(at least for a while)
- a. \_\_\_\_\_ Add more enzyme
- b. \_\_\_\_ Add more substrate molecules
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ Adjust pH to optimal level for the enzyme
- d\_\_\_\_\_Add a non competitive inhibitor
- e. Freezing/cold temperatures

## Enzyme Worksheet

After reading the information on enzymes answer the following questions:	
1.	What does a catalyst do?
2.	What is an enzyme?
3.	Why do enzymes generally bind to only one type of substrate?
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4.	How are the "lock and key" and "induced fit" models similar?
5.	How are the "lock and key" and "induced fit" models different?
6.	What are 3 things that can affect the way enzymes work? Explain how each thing would affect
	an enzyme.
	a
	b
	C