Remediation
Unit 2 Objective 3
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Identify the $x$-intercept and $y$-intercept given an equation.
There are two different types of equations that can be given, either Standard Form or SlopeIntercept Form. The $x$-intercept and the $y$-intercept are found differently based on what form is given.

Type 1: Standard Form.

$$
2 x-y=6
$$

To find the $x$-intercept from Standard Form, a zero will be used in place of the $y$ value, since the x -intercept is always ( $\mathrm{a}, 0$ ). The y -value is always 0 for the x -intercept. For the example above, $2 x-y=6$ would become $2 x-0=6$. Solving this equation would give $\mathrm{x}=3$, so the x intercept is $(3,0)$.

To find the $y$-intercept from Standard Form, a zero will be used in place of the $x$ value, since the y -intercept is always ( $0, b$ ). The x -value is always 0 for the y -intercept. For the example above, $2 x-y=6$ would become $2(0)-y=6$. Solving this equation would give $y=-6$, so the $y$ intercept is ( $0,-6$ ).

Type 2: Slope-Intercept Form. $\quad y=2 x-5$
To find the $x$-intercept from Slope-Intercept Form, a zero will be used in place of the $y$ value, since the $x$-intercept is always $(a, 0)$. The $y$-value is always 0 for the $x$-intercept. For the example above, $y=2 x-5$ would become $0=2 x-5$. Solving this equation would give $x=$ $\frac{5}{2}$, so the x-intercept is $\left(\frac{5}{2}, 0\right)$.

To find the $y$-intercept from Slope-Intercept Form, a zero will be used in place of the $x$-value, since the $y$-intercept is always $(0, b)$. The $x$-value is always 0 for the $y$-intercept. For the example above, $y=2 x-5$ would become $y-2(0)-5$. Solving this equation would give $\mathrm{y}=-5$, so the y -intercept is $(0,-5)$. Since this form is Slope-Intercept Form, a short cut may be taken. The first number in the problem is always the slope and the second number is always the $y$-intercept. That means that the -5 is automatically the $y$-intercept and is in the point (0, -5).

Find the $x$-intercept and the $y$-intercept for each equation.

1. $4 x-3 y=12$
x-intercept (, )
y-intercept (, )
2. $x-3 y=-3$
x-intercept
$y$-intercept $\qquad$
3. $2 x+5 y=10$
x-intercept
$y$-intercept $\qquad$
4. $2 x-y=-6$
x-intercept
y-intercept $\qquad$
5. $4 x+3 y=4$
x-intercept $\qquad$
y-intercept $\qquad$
6. $y=\frac{2}{3} x-6$
x-intercept
y-intercept
7. $y=-5 x-2$
x-intercept
$y$-intercept $\qquad$
8. $y=-\frac{7}{2} x+3$ x-intercept y-intercept
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
9. $y=2 x-7$
x-intercept
y-intercept
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
