

# **Introduction to Law**

## **Chapter 8 Notes**

### **“Preliminary Crimes”**

#### **Introduction**

- certain types of behavior takes place before, and often in preparation for, the commission of a crime
- the following examples give the police the opportunity to prevent the intended crime

#### **Solicitation**

- the asking, commanding, urging, or advising of another person to commit a crime
- it doesn't matter if the person ever commits the solicited crime for the charge to be made

#### **Attempt**

- to be guilty of the attempted crime, the accused must have both intended to commit the crime and taken a “substantial step” toward committing the crime
- when someone performs all of the elements of a crime, but fails to achieve the criminal result, an *attempt* has occurred

#### **Conspiracy**

- an agreement between two or more persons to commit a crime
- meant to prevent other crimes, combat crimes by organized groups, and allows police to arrest conspirators before they come dangerously close to completing a crime